

THE MILITARY TO BE SENT SOUTH.

As a result of the conference held at the War Department, on the 31, between Secretaries Bristow and Belknap, and Attorney-General Williams, the following circular was issued that day, at two o'clock to United States attorneys

and marshals. It has the approval of the President, the substantial parts of the same having been communicated to him during an interview at Long Branch, N. J., August 24, 1914.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
WASHINGTON, September 2, 1914.

SIR—Outrages of various descriptions and in some cases atrocious murders have been committed in your district by bodies of armed men, sometimes in

guise, and with the view, it is believed, of overawing and intimidating peaceable and law-abiding citizens and depriving them of the rights guaranteed to them by the constitution and laws of the United States. Your attention is directed to an act of Congress, passed April 9th, 1890, entitled "an act to protect all persons in the United States in their civil rights and to furnish means for their protection" and to another passed April 5th

1870, entitled "an act to enforce the provisions of the 14th amendment to the constitution of the United States, and for other purposes," also to one passed May 30, 1870, entitled "an act to enforce the rights of citizens of the United States to vote in the several States of this Union and for other purposes," which with their amendments trace these deeds of violence and bloodshed.

Central Government. I consider it my duty, in view of these circumstances, to instruct you to proceed, with all possible energy and dispatch, to detect and punish the perpetrators of these crimes and to that end you are to spare no effort or money any expense. Yours of the 14th inst. has been received and the United States will be in a way at different convenient points in your district for the purpose of giving it needed aid in the discharge of your

political duties. You understand, of course, that the first duty of the State is hereby intended with any political party action not in violation of law, but protection to all citizens, white and colored, in the free exercise of the elective franchise and the enjoyment of the other rights and privileges to which they are entitled under the Constitution and laws as citizens of the United States. These instructions are issued by the

thority of the President and with the concurrence of the Secretary of War.

Very Respectfully,
Geo. H. Williams,
Attorney-General.

Here is the picture of an agricultural representative; O. A. Fosby, whom the Grangers propose to send to Congress from Missouri. A man about sixty years

of age, broad-shouldered, tall, erect, and homely; a huge mouth, full, white hair except on the upper lip, which is shaven; a rubicund face, high broad forehead, and a pair of gray eyes through which intelligence speaks out and says, "I live here?" a homespun suit of clothing, wide-brimmed hat, scrupulously clean shirt, with a big neck-handkerchief, and

large collar, and a heavy pair of boots suited for farm life.

endeavors of the New York World, the eruption has broken out in New York State, the Rochester Union saying, "the Republican party's determination to pay the debt in gold is... sitting up with the ghost of a dead issue." The paper we know it will be invading New England; where, indeed, the Indiana Democratic hierarchy already seemed to

How It Looks at Washington

The Attorney General has no doubts as to the disturbances, of which he has seen reports, continue, the President will interfere South.

It is suggested that he needs all his soldiers to fight the Indians, and that the whites must of necessity fight their own battles against turbulent negroes.

Gen. Emory, Commanding the Louisiana department, has no confidence in his new regiment since it shot back-

the whites and blacks. His soldiers will certainly affiliate with the whites if attached in squads throughout the State. The negro's only safety, it is well known, is in the tardy administration of the United States Judges, and they following the lead of their Chief, Judge Williams, seem to be becoming impatient of the assumptions of the colored race.

A Penitential Resonant

The editorial staff of this journal, ever called on last evening to admire the intricate workmanship of an elegant picture frame, the handiwork of Thos. G. Boyd, an inmate of the penitentiary, sent by him as a contribution toward gracing the walls of our new sanctuary. The ingenuity of its construction will be appreciated when we consider that it

posed of 1,000 pictures of black walnut dovetailed and morticed with the perfection of skill. — Nashville Union and American.
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The cleverest member of President Grant's Cabinet to-day is Gen. Bristow. He has inaugurated many reforms, looking of itself clerks, and demanding more thorough system in the settlement of accounts. At the *Pittsburg Commerce*

The longings and desires of our country are met with the presentation of an obscure lawyer from the back woods of Kentucky, who knows in 1811 about finnan as a horse about 1811. It is a sad disappointment, even though you make the best of it.

Our Young Folks.

We have received the September number of OUR YOUNG FOLKS, a finely illustrated 32-column paper, for boys and girls, full of entertaining stories, a new story, "Strongbow; the Boy Chief of the Delawares," is begun in this number. OUR YOUNG FOLKS will be sent gratis 6 months for 30 cents, and a fine of chromo and prize cheque sent free.

prize cheque entitles the holder to a chance in the distribution of prizes to subscribers on October 1st. All the prizes will be found on the 10th page of the paper. Let our boys and girls send of once for a trial subscription.

Address: **QUN YOUNG FOLLY, KANSAS CITY, MO.**